



Safety Data Sheet Waterbased white primer for interior

Safety Data Sheet dated 11/2/2017, version 2

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product identifier

Mixture identification:

Trade name:

Waterbased white primer for interior

Other means of identification:

Trade code: 6FWPI130

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use: Surface coating

Restrictions on use:

Name, address, and telephone number of the chemical manufacturer, importer, or other responsible party

Company: Sirca S.p.A.

Address:

Viale Roma, 85

35010 S.Dono di Massanzago (PD) - ITALY Tel. +39 0499322311

Distributed by:

GEMINI INDUSTRIES, INC.

2300 Holloway Drive El Reno, OK 73036

USA

Tel. 1-800-262-5710

Fax 1-405-262-9310

www.gemini-coatings.com

Competent person responsible for the safety data sheet:

safety@sirca.it

Emergency phone number

For Hazardous Materials [or Dangerous Goods] Incident

Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident

Call CHEMTREC Day or Night

1-800-424-9300 / +1 703-527-3887.

2. HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the chemical



Warning, Carc. 2, Suspected of causing cancer.

Label elements Hazard pictograms



Warning

Hazard statements:

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

Precautionary statements:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable regulations.

Special Provisions:

None

Hazards not otherwise classified identified during the classification process:

None

Ingredient(s) with unknown acute toxicity:

None.

Additional classification information

NFPA rating:



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HMIS rating **HEALTH FLAMMABILITY** PHYSICAL HAZARD

PERSONAL PROTECTION

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances

Hazardous components within the meaning of 29 CFR 1910.1200 and related classification:

>= 12.5% - < 20% Titanium dioxide REACH No.: 01-2119489379-17-xxxx, CAS: 13463-67-7, EC: 236-675-5

A.6/2 Carc. 2 H351

>= 2.5% - < 3% 2-butoxyethanol; ethylene glycol monobutyl ether; butyl cellosolve

REACH No.: 01-2119475108-36-xxxx, Index number: 603-014-00-0, CAS: 111-76-2, EC: 203-905-0

A.3/2A Eye Irrit. 2A H319

B.6/4 Flam. Liq. 4 H227

A.2/2 Skin Irrit. 2 H315

A.1/4/Oral Acute Tox. 4 H302 A.1/4/Dermal Acute Tox. 4 H312

A.1/4/Inhal Acute Tox. 4 H332

>= 1% - < 2% 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol; diethylene glycol monobutyl ether

REACH No.: 01-2119475104-44-xxxx, Index number: 603-096-00-8, CAS: 112-34-5, EC: 203-961-6

A.3/2A Eye Irrit. 2A H319

4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

Description of necessary measures

In case of skin contact:

Immediately take off all contaminated clothing.

Areas of the body that have - or are only even suspected of having - come into contact with the product must be rinsed immediately with plenty of running water and possibly with soap.

Wash thoroughly the body (shower or bath).

Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose off safely.

In case of eyes contact:

In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

In case of Ingestion:

Do not under any circumstances induce vomiting. OBTAIN A MEDICAL EXAMINATION IMMEDIATELY.

In case of Inhalation:

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest.

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Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

None

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media:

Water

Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Unsuitable extinguishing media:

None in particular.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases.

Burning produces heavy smoke.

Hazardous combustion products:

None

Explosive properties:
Oxidizing properties: NΑ N.A.

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Use suitable breathing apparatus

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.

Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment, and emergency procedures

Wear personal protection equipment.

Remove all sources of ignition.

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dusts/aerosols.

Provide adequate ventilation.

Remove persons to safety.

Use appropriate respiratory protection.

See protective measures under point 7 and 8.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Wash with plenty of water.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling
Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of vapours and mists.

Exercise the greatest care when handling or opening the container.

Do not use on extensive surface areas in premises where there are occupants.

Don't use empty container before they have been cleaned.

Before making transfer operations, assure that there aren't any incompatible material residuals in the containers.

Contamined clothing should be changed before entering eating areas.

Do not eat or drink while working.

See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Keep away from food, drink and feed.

Incompatible materials:

None in particular.

Instructions as regards storage premises:

Adequately ventilated premises.

Storage temperature:

Store at ambient temperature.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

2-butoxyethanol; ethylene glycol monobutyl ether; butyl cellosolve - CAS: 111-76-2 (OEL (IT)) - TWA(8h): 98 mg/m3, 20 ppm - STEL: 246 mg/m3, 50 ppm - Behaviour: Binding - Notes: pelle ACGIH - TWA: 96.66 mg/m3, 20 ppm - Notes: A3

MAK - TWA(8h): 49 mg/m3, 10 ppm - STEL: 246 mg/m3, 50 ppm - Notes: Skin

2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol; diethylene glycol monobutyl ether - CAS: 112-34-5 (OEL (IT)) - TWA(8h): 67.5 mg/m3, 10 ppm - STEL: 101.2 mg/m3, 15 ppm - Behaviour: Binding EU - TWA(8h): 67.5 mg/m3, 10 ppm - STEL: 101.2 mg/m3, 15 ppm

ACGIH - TWA(8h): 10 ppm - Notes: (IFV) - Hematologic, liver and kidney eff

DNEL Exposure Limit Values

Titanium dioxide - CAS: 13463-67-7

Worker Industry: 10 mg/m3 - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, local effects Worker Professional: 10 mg/m3 - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, local effects



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Consumer: 700 mg/kg/day - Exposure: Human Oral - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects 2-butoxyethanol; ethylene glycol monobutyl ether; butyl cellosolve - CAS: 111-76-2
Worker Industry: 89 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Dermal - Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 135 ppm - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 50 ppm - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Short Term, local effects Worker Industry: 75 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Dermal - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 20 ppm - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Exposure: Human Oral - Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects Exposure: Human Oral - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects
Consumer: 44.5 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Dermal - Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects Consumer: 426 mg/m3 - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects Consumer: 123 mg/m3 - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Short Term, local effects Consumer: 38 mg/Kg-bw/day - Exposure: Human Dermal - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Consumer: 49 mg/m3 - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Consumer: 13.4 mg/m3 - Exposure: Human Oral - Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects
Consumer: 3.2 mg/m3 - Exposure: Human Oral - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects
Consumer: 3.2 mg/m3 - Exposure: Human Oral - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol; diethylene glycol monobutyl ether - CAS: 112-34-5
Worker Industry: 67.5 mg/m3 - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, local effects Worker Industry: 67.5 mg/m3 - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 20 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Dermal - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 101.2 mg/m3 - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Short Term (acute) Consumer: 34 mg/m3 - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Consumer: 34 mg/m3 - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Short Term (acute) Consumer: 50.6 mg/m3 - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, local effects Consumer: 10 mg/Kg-bw/day - Exposure: Human Dermal - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Consumer: 1.25 mg/Kg-bw/day - Exposure: Human Oral - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects PNEC Exposure Limit Values Titanium dioxide - CAS: 13463-67-7 Target: Fresh Water - Value: 0.127 mg/l Target: Marine water - Value: 0.127 mg/l
Target: Soil (agricultural) - Value: 100 mg/kg
Target: Marine water sediments - Value: 100 mg/kg - Notes:: dry
Target: Freshwater sediments - Value: 1000 mg/kg - Notes:: dry Target: Soil (agricultural) - Value: 100 mg/kg - Notes:: alimento Target: orally (secondary poisoning) - Value: 1667 mg/kg 2-butoxyethanol; ethylene glycol monobutyl ether; butyl cellosolve - CAS: 111-76-2 Target: Fresh Water - Value: 8.8 mg/l Target: Marine water - Value: 0.88 mg/l Target: Microorganisms in sewage treatments - Value: 463 mg/l Target: Freshwater sediments - Value: 34.6 mg/kg Target: Marine water sediments - Value: 3.46 mg/kg Target: Soil (agricultural) - Value: 2.8 mg/l Target: STP - Value: 463 mg/l 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol; diethylene glycol monobutyl ether - CAS: 112-34-5 Target: Fresh Water - Value: 1 mg/l
Target: Marine water - Value: 0.1 mg/l
Target: occasional emission - Value: 3.9 mg/l
Target: STP - Value: 200 mg/l Target: Freshwater sediments - Value: 4 mg/kg dwt Target: Marine water sediments - Value: 0.4 mg/kg dwt Target: Soil (agricultural) - Value: 0.4 mg/kg dwt Target: orally (secondary poisoning) - Value: 56 mg/kg

Appropriate engineering controls:

None

Individual protection measures

Eye protection:

Use close fitting safety goggles, don't use eye lens.

Use clothing that provides comprehensive protection to the skin, e.g. cotton, rubber, PVC or viton. Protection for hands:

Use protective gloves that provides comprehensive protection, e.g. P.V.C., neoprene or rubber. Respiratory protection:

Not needed for normal use. Thermal Hazards:

None

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance and colour: liauid characteristic Odour: Odour threshold: N.A. pH N.A.



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Melting point / freezing point: Initial boiling point and boiling range: Solid/gas flammability: > 55° C N.A. Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits: N.A. Vapour density:

Flash point: >=93°C (>= 199°F)

Evaporation rate: N.A. Vapour pressure: N.A.

Relative density: 1.3600 Kg/l a 20°C

Solubility in water: N.A. Solubility in oil: N.A. Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): N.A. Auto-ignition temperature: > 250° C Decomposition temperature: NΑ

15000.00 cPs Brookfield Viscosity (typical value):

Miscibility: Fat Solubility: N.A. N.A. N.A. Substance Groups relevant properties

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions

Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions

Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reaction is stored and used appropriately.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under normal conditions.

Incompatible materials

None in particular.

Hazardous decomposition products

None

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on toxicological effects

Toxicological information of the product:

Toxicological information of the main substances found in the product:

Titanium dioxide - CAS: 13463-67-7

a) acute toxicity:

Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat > 5000 mg/kg Test: LC50 - Route: Inhalation - Species: Rat > 6.82 mg/l - Duration: 4h

Test: LD50 - Route: Skin - Species: Rabbit > 5000 mg/kg

b) skin corrosion/irritation:

Test: Eye Irritant - Species: Rabbit No

Test: Skin Irritant - Species: Rabbit No

d) respiratory or skin sensitisation:

Test: Skin Sensitization - Species: Mouse No

i) STOT-repeated exposure:

Test: NOAEL - Species: Rat 3500 mg/kg/day - Source: polmoni

2-butoxyethanol; ethylene glycol monobutyl ether; butyl cellosolve - CAS: 111-76-2

a) acute toxicity:

Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat 470 mg/kg

Test: LD50 - Route: Skin - Species: Rabbit 220 mg/kg

Test: LC50 - Route: Inhalation Vapour - Species: Rat male 2.4 mg/l - Duration: 4h Test: LC50 - Route: Inhalation Vapour - Species: Rat Female 2.2 mg/l - Duration: 4h

Test: LD50 - Route: Skin - Species: Rat 220 mg/kg

b) skin corrosion/irritation:

Test: Skin Irritant - Species: Rabbit Yes - Notes: Provoca irritazione cutanea Test: Eye Irritant - Species: Rabbit Yes - Notes: provoca grave irritazione oculare

2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol; diethylene glycol monobutyl ether - CAS: 112-34-5

Test: LC50 - Route: Inhalation - Species: Rabbit = 3 mg/l - Duration: 2h

Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat = 5660 mg/kg Test: LD50 - Route: Skin - Species: Rabbit = 2700 mg/kg Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Mouse = 2400 mg/kg

Substance(s) listed on the NTP report on Carcinogens:



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Substance(s) listed on the IARC Monographs:

Titanium dioxide - Group 2B

2-butoxyethanol; ethylene glycol monobutyl ether; butyl cellosolve - Group 3. Substance(s) listed as OSHA Carcinogen(s):

Substance(s) listed as NIOSH Carcinogen(s):

None.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

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Ecotoxicity
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Adopt good working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment. 
Titanium dioxide - CAS: 13463-67-7
         a) Aquatic acute toxicity:
                   Endpoint: LC50 - Species: Fish > 1000 mg/l - Duration h: 96
                   Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Algae = 61 mg/l - Duration h: 72
                   Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Daphnia > 1000 mg/l - Duration h: 48
         2-butoxyethanol; ethylene glycol monobutyl ether; butyl cellosolve - CAS: 111-76-2
         a) Aquatic acute toxicity:
Endpoint: LC50 - Species: Fish = 1490 mg/l - Duration h: 96
                   Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Daphnia = 1000 mg/l - Duration h: 24
         c) Bacteria toxicity:
                   Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Active mud > 700 mg/l - Duration h: 16
         2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol; diethylene glycol monobutyl ether - CAS: 112-34-5
         a) Aquatic acute toxicity:
                   Endpoint: LC50 - Species: Fish = 1300 mg/l - Duration h: 96
                   Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Daphnia = 100 mg/l - Duration h: 48
Persistence and degradability
         N.A
Bioaccumulative potential
         N.A.
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None 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment and disposal methods

Recover, if possible. Send to authorised disposal plants or for incineration under controlled conditions. In so doing, comply with the local and national regulations currently in force.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

UN number

Mobility in soil N.A. Other adverse effects

Not classified as dangerous within the meaning of transport regulations.

UN proper shipping name N.A.

Transport hazard class(es)

N.A.

Packing group N.A.

Environmental hazards

ADR-Environmental pollutant:

IMDG-Marine pollutant: No

Transport in bulk (according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code)

No

Special precautions

N.A.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

USA - Federal regulations

TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act

TSCA inventory: all the components are listed on the TSCA inventory. TSCA listed substances:

2-butoxyethanol; ethylene glycol monobutyl ether; butyl cellosolve is listed in TSCA Section 4, Section 12b.

SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act

Section 302 - Extremely Hazardous Substances: no substances listed.

Section 304 – Hazardous substances: no substances listed. Section 313 – Toxic chemical list: no substances listed.

CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act

No substances listed



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CAA - Clean Air Act

CAA listed substances:

2-butoxyethanol; ethylene glycol monobutyl ether; butyl cellosolve is listed in CAA Section 111, Section 112(b) - HAP 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol; diethylene glycol monobutyl ether is listed in CAA Section 111, Section 112(b) - HON.

CWA - Clean Water Act

CWA listed substances:

None.

USA - State specific regulations

California Proposition 65

Substance(s) listed under California Proposition 65:

None.

Massachusetts Right to know

Substance(s) listed under Massachusetts Right to know:

Titanium dioxide

2-butoxyethanol; ethylene glycol monobutyl ether; butyl cellosolve.

New Jersey Right to know

Substance(s) listed under New Jersey Right to know:

Titanium dioxide

2-butoxyethanol; ethylene glycol monobutyl ether; butyl cellosolve.

Pennsylvania Right to know

Substance(s) listed under Pennsylvania Right to know:

Titanium dioxide

2-butoxyethanol; ethylene glycol monobutyl ether; butyl cellosolve.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Text of phrases referred to under heading 3:

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H227 Combustible liquid.

H315 Causes skin irritation

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H332 Harmful if inhaled.

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Disclaimer:

The information contained herein is based on our state of knowledge at the above-specified date. It refers solely to the product indicated and constitutes no guarantee of particular quality. The information relates only to the specific material and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other material or in any process.

This Safety Data Sheet cancels and replaces any preceding release.

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society).

CLP: Classification, Labeling, Packaging.

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.

HMIS: Hazardous Materials Identification System

HMIS: Hazardous Materials Identification System
IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA: International Air Transport Association.

IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA).

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.

ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO).

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods. INCI: International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients.

KSt: Explosion coefficient.

LC50: Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population.

LD50: Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population.

NFPA: National Fire Protection Association
NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health
NTP: National Toxicology Program

OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration

PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.

RID: Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.

STEL: Short Term Exposure limit.

STEL: Short Term Exposure limit.
STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity.
TLV: Threshold Limiting Value.
TWA: Time-weighted average