



# Safety Data Sheet Dark grey cement effect

### Safety Data Sheet dated 2/20/2020, version 2

1. IDENTIFICATION	
Product identifier Mixture identification:	
Trade name:	Dark grey cement effect
Other means of identification:	
Trade code:	6ES1000S52
Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions Recommended use:Surface coating	; on use
Restrictions on use:	
•	nical manufacturer, importer, or other responsible party
Company: Sirca S.p.A.	
Address:	
Viale Roma, 85	
35010 S.Dono di Massanzago (PD) - ITAL Tel. +39 0499322311	.Y
Distributed by:	
GEMINI INDUSTRIES, INC.	
2300 Holloway Drive	
El Reno, OK 73036 USA	
Tel. 1-800-262-5710	
Fax 1-405-262-9310	
www.gemini-coatings.com	
Competent person responsible for the safety data s	sheet.
safety@sirca.it	
Emergency phone number	
For Hazardous Materials [or Dangerous G	oods] Incident
Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident Call CHEMTREC Day or Night	
1-800-424-9300 / +1 703-527-3887.	
2. HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION	
Classification of the chemical	
Warning, Carc. 2, Suspected of cau	ising cancer
Label elements Hazard pictograms:	
•	
Warning	
Hazard statements:	
H351 Suspected of causing cancer.	
Precautionary statements:	
P201 Obtain special instructions before us P202 Do not handle until all safety precau	
P280 Wear protective gloves/protective cl	othing/eye protection/face protection.
P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Ge	t medical advice/attention.
P405 Store locked up.	
P501 Dispose of contents/container in acc Special Provisions:	ordance with applicable regulations.
None	
Hazards not otherwise classified identified during the	e classification process:
None	
Ingredient(s) with unknown acute toxicity: None.	
Additional classification information	
NFPA rating:	
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200		
HMIS rating:		
HEALTH	*	2
FLAMMABILIT	Y	0
FLAMMABILIT		0 0

COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS Substances	
N.A.	
Mixtures Hazardous components within the meaning of 29 CFR 1910.1200 and related classification:	
>= 7% - < 9.9% Titanium dioxide REACH No.: 01-2119489379-17-xxxx, CAS: 13463-67-7, EC: 236-675-5	
A.6/2 Carc. 2 H351	
>= 2.5% - < 3% Talc CAS: 14807-96-6, EC: 238-877-9	
A.1/4/Inhal Acute Tox. 4 H332	
A.8/3 STOT SE 3 H335	
>= 1% - < 2% 2-butoxyethanol; ethylene glycol monobutyl ether; butyl cellosolve REACH No.: 01-2119475108-36-xxxx, Index number: 603-014-00-0, CAS: 111-76-2, EC: 203-S	905-0
( A.3/2A Eye Irrit. 2A H319	
A.2/2 Skin Irrit. 2 H315	
A.1/4/Oral Acute Tox. 4 H302	
A.1/4/Dermal Acute Tox. 4 H312	
A.1/4/Inhal Acute Tox. 4 H332	
>= 1% - < 2% 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol; diethylene glycol monobutyl ether REACH No.: 01-2119475104-44-xxxx, Index number: 603-096-00-8, CAS: 112-34-5, EC: 203-5	961-6
A.3/2A Eye Irrit. 2A H319	

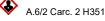
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>= 0.1% - < 0.2% C.I. Carbon black 7

REACH No.: 01-2119384822-32-xxxx, CAS: 1333-86-4, EC: 215-609-9



#### 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

Description of necessary measures In case of skin contact:

- Immediately take off all contaminated clothing.
- Areas of the body that have or are only even suspected of having come into contact with the product must be rinsed immediately with plenty of running water and possibly with soap.
- Wash thoroughly the body (shower or bath).
- Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose off safely.
- In case of eves contact:

In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

- In case of Ingestion:
- Do not under any circumstances induce vomiting. OBTAIN A MEDICAL EXAMINATION IMMEDIATELY.
- In case of Inhalation:
- Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest.
- Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed None
- Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed
  - In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible). Treatment: None

#### **5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

Suitable extinguishing media: Water. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Unsuitable extinguishing media: None in particular. Specific hazards arising from the chemical Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases. Burning produces heavy smoke. Hazardous combustion products: None Explosive properties: ΝA Oxidizing properties: N.A. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters Use suitable breathing apparatus Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely

#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment, and emergency procedures Wear personal protection equipment. Remove persons to safety. See protective measures under point 7 and 8. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Wash with plenty of water.

#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of vapours and mists. Exercise the greatest care when handling or opening the container. Do not use on extensive surface areas in premises where there are occupants. Don't use empty container before they have been cleaned. Before making transfer operations, assure that there aren't any incompatible material residuals in the containers. Contamined clothing should be changed before entering eating areas. Do not eat or drink while working. See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Keep away from food, drink and feed. Incompatible materials: None in particular. Instructions as regards storage premises: Adequately ventilated premises

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Storage temperature: Store at ambient temperature.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION Control parameters Titanium dioxide - CAS: 13463-67-7 ACGIH - TWA(8h): 10 mg/m3 - Notes: A4 - LRT irr Talc - CAS: 14807-96-6 ACGIH - TWA(8h): 2 mg/m3 - Notes: Containing no asbestos fibers. (E,R), A4 - Pulm fibrosis, pulm func 2-butoxyethanol; ethylene glycol monobutyl ether; butyl cellosolve - CAS: 111-76-2 (OEL (IT)) - TWA(8h): 98 mg/m3, 20 ppm - STEL: 246 mg/m3, 50 ppm - Behaviour: Binding - Notes: pelle EU - TWA(8h): 98 mg/m3, 20 ppm - STEL: 246 mg/m3, 50 ppm - Notes: Skin MAK - TWA: 49 mg/m3, 10 ppm ACGIH - TWA(8h): 20 ppm - Notes: A3, BEI - Eye and URT irr 2-(2-butoxyethano); diethylene glycol monobutyl ether - CAS: 112-34-5 (OEL (IT)) - TWA(8h): 67.5 mg/m3, 10 ppm - STEL: 101.2 mg/m3, 15 ppm - Behaviour: Binding EU - TWA(8h): 67.5 mg/m3, 10 ppm - STEL: 101.2 mg/m3, 15 ppm ACGIH - TWA(8h): 10 ppm - Notes: (IFV) - Hematologic, liver and kidney eff
C.I. Carbon black 7 - CAS: 1333-86-4 ACGIH - TWA(8h): 3 mg/m3 - Notes: (I), A3 - Bronchitis Ontario - TWA(8h): 3.5 mg/m3 ACGIH - TWA(8h): 3 mg/m3 - Notes: (I), A3 - Bronchitis **DNEL Exposure Limit Values** . Titanium dioxide - CAS: 13463-67-7 Worker Industry: 10 mg/m3 - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, local effects Worker Professional: 10 mg/m3 - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, local effects Consumer: 700 mg/kg/day - Exposure: Human Oral - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects 2-butoxyethanol; ethylene glycol monobutyl ether; butyl cellosolve - CAS: 111-76-2 Worker Industry: 89 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Dermal - Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 1091 mg/m3 - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 246 mg/m3 - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Short Term, local effects Worker Industry: 125 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Dermal - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 98 mg/m3 - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Exposure: Human Oral - Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects Exposure: Human Oral - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Consumer: 89 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Dermal - Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects Consumer: 426 mg/m3 - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects Consumer: 147 mg/m3 - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, local effects Consumer: 175 mg/Kg-bw/day - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Consumer: 59 mg/M3 - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Consumer: 26.7 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Oral - Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects Consumer: 6.3 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Oral - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol; diethylene glycol monobutyl ether - CAS: 112-34-5 Worker Industry: 67.5 mg/m3 - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, local effects Worker Industry: 67.5 mg/m3 - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 83 mg/Kg-bw/day - Exposure: Human Inman Immal - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 83 mg/Kg-bw/day - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 101.2 mg/m3 - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Short Term (acute) Consumer: 40.5 mg/m3 - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Consumer: 60.7 mg/m3 - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Short Term (acute) Consumer: 40.5 mg/m3 - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, local effects Consumer: 50 mg/Kg-bw/day - Exposure: Human Dermal - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Consumer: 5 mg/Kg-bw/day - Exposure: Human Oral - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects C.I. Carbon black 7 - CAS: 1333-86-4 Worker Industry: 2 mg/m3 - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Notes: (frazione inspirabile) Notes: ( PNEC Exposure Limit Values , Titanium dioxide - CAS: 13463-67-7 Target: Fresh Water - Value: 0.184 mg/l Target: Marine water - Value: 0.0184 mg/l Target: Narine water - Value: 0.0184 mg/r Target: Soil (agricultural) - Value: 100 mg/kg Target: Marine water sediments - Value: 100 mg/kg - Notes:: dry Target: Freshwater sediments - Value: 100 mg/kg - Notes:: dry Target: Soil (agricultural) - Value: 100 mg/kg - Notes:: alimento Target: orally (secondary poisoning) - Value: 1667 mg/kg 2-butoxyethanol; ethylene glycol monobutyl ether; butyl cellosolve - CAS: 111-76-2 Target: Fresh Water - Value: 8.8 mg/l Target: Marine water - Value: 0.88 mg/l Target: Microorganisms in sewage treatments - Value: 463 mg/l Target: Freshwater sediments - Value: 34.6 mg/kg Target: Marine water sediments - Value: 3.46 mg/kg Target: Soil (agricultural) - Value: 2.33 mg/l



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Target: STP - Value: 463 mg/l Target: orally (secondary poisoning) - Value: 20 mg/kg 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol; diethylene glycol monobutyl ether - CAS: 112-34-5 Target: Fresh Water - Value: 1 mg/l Target: Marine water - Value: 0.1 mg/l Target: occasional emission - Value: 3.9 mg/l Target: STP - Value: 200 mg/l Target: Freshwater sediments - Value: 4 mg/kg dwt Target: Marine water sediments - Value: 0.4 mg/kg dwt Target: Soil (agricultural) - Value: 0.4 mg/kg dwt Target: orally (secondary poisoning) - Value: 56 mg/kg Appropriate engineering controls None Individual protection measures Eye protection: Use close fitting safety goggles, don't use eye lens. Protection for skin: Use clothing that provides comprehensive protection to the skin, e.g. cotton, rubber, PVC or viton. Protection for hands: Use protective gloves that provides comprehensive protection, e.g. P.V.C., neoprene or rubber. Respiratory protection: Not needed for normal use. Thermal Hazards: None

#### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance and colour:	liquid
Odour:	characteristic
Odour threshold:	N.A.
pH:	N.A.
Melting point / freezing point:	< 1° C
Initial boiling point and boiling range:	> 55° C
Solid/gas flammability:	N.A.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits:	N.A.
Vapour density:	N.A.
Flash point:	other >=55°C (>= 131°F)
Evaporation rate:	N.A.
Vapour pressure:	N.A.
Relative density:	1.2000 Kg/l a 20°C
Solubility in water:	N.A.
Solubility in oil:	N.A.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):	N.A.
Auto-ignition temperature:	> 250° C
Decomposition temperature:	N.A.
Viscosity (typical value):	90000.00 cPs Brookfield
Miscibility:	N.A.
Fat Solubility:	N.A.
Conductivity:	N.A.
Substance Groups relevant properties	N.A.
casetance encape relovant proportioo	

#### **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity Stable under normal conditions Chemical stability Stable under normal conditions Possibility of hazardous reactions No dangerous reaction is stored and used appropriately. Conditions to avoid Stable under normal conditions. Incompatible materials None in particular. Hazardous decomposition products None.

#### **11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Information on toxicological effects Toxicological information of the product: N.A. Toxicological information of the main substances found in the product:



#### Dark grey cement effect Titanium dioxide - CAS: 13463-67-7 a) acute toxicity: Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat > 5000 mg/kg Test: LC50 - Route: Inhalation - Species: Rat > 6.82 mg/l - Duration: 4h Test: LD50 - Route: Skin - Species: Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg b) skin corrosion/irritation: Test: Eye Irritant - Species: Rabbit No Test: Skin Irritant - Species: Rabbit No d) respiratory or skin sensitisation: Test: Skin Sensitization - Species: Mouse No i) STOT-repeated exposure: Test: NOAEL - Species: Rat 3500 mg/kg/day - Source: polmoni Talc - CAS: 14807-96-6 a) acute toxicity: Test: LD50 - Route: Oral > 5000 mg/kg body weight b) skin corrosion/irritation: Test: Skin Irritant No 2-butoxyethanol; ethylene glycol monobutyl ether; butyl cellosolve - CAS: 111-76-2 a) acute toxicity: Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Cavia porcellus 1300 mg/kg Test: LD50 - Route: Skin - Species: Cavia porcellus > 2000 mg/kg Test: LC50 - Route: Inhalation Vapour - Species: Cavia porcellus > 400 Ppm - Duration: 7h Test: LD50 - Route: Skin - Species: Rat 220 mg/kg b) skin corrosion/irritation: Test: Skin Irritant - Species: Rabbit Yes - Notes: Provoca irritazione cutanea Test: Eye Irritant - Species: Rabbit Yes - Notes: provoca grave irritazione oculare 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol; diethylene glycol monobutyl ether - CAS: 112-34-5 a) acute toxicity: Test: LC50 - Route: Inhalation - Species: Rabbit = 3 mg/l - Duration: 2h Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat = 5660 mg/kg Test: LD50 - Route: Skin - Species: Rabbit = 2700 mg/kg Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Mouse = 2400 mg/kg C.I. Carbon black 7 - CAS: 1333-86-4 a) acute toxicity: Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat > 8000 mg/kg b) skin corrosion/irritation: Test: Skin Irritant - Species: Rabbit No Test: Eye Irritant - Species: Rabbit No d) respiratory or skin sensitisation: Test: Skin Sensitization - Species: Cavia porcellus No Substance(s) listed on the NTP report on Carcinogens: None Substance(s) listed on the IARC Monographs: Titanium dioxide - Group 2B Talc - Group 3 2-butoxyethanol; ethylene glycol monobutyl ether; butyl cellosolve - Group 3 C.I. Carbon black 7 - Group 2B. Substance(s) listed as OSHA Carcinogen(s):

None

Substance(s) listed as NIOSH Carcinogen(s):

None

#### **12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Ecotoxicity

Adopt good working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment. Titanium dioxide - CAS: 13463-67-7 a) Aquatic acute toxicity: Endpoint: LC50 - Species: Fish > 1000 mg/l - Duration h: 96 Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Algae = 61 mg/l - Duration h: 72 Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Daphnia > 1000 mg/l - Duration h: 48 b) Aquatic chronic toxicity: Endpoint: NOEC - Species: Algae 100000 mg/kg - Duration h: 480 2-butoxyethanol; ethylene glycol monobutyl ether; butyl cellosolve - CAS: 111-76-2 a) Aquatic acute toxicity: Endpoint: LC50 - Species: Fish = 1490 mg/l - Duration h: 96 Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Daphnia = 1000 mg/l - Duration h: 24 c) Bacteria toxicity Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Active mud > 700 mg/l - Duration h: 16 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol; diethylene glycol monobutyl ether - CAS: 112-34-5

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a) Aquatic acute toxicity: Endpoint: LC50 - Species: Fish = 1300 mg/l - Duration h: 96 Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Daphnia = 100 mg/l - Duration h: 48 C.I. Carbon black 7 - CAS: 1333-86-4 a) Aquatic acute toxicity:
Endpoint: LC0 - Species: Fish 1000 mg/l - Duration h: 96
Endpoint: LC0 - Species: Fish 5000 mg/l - Duration h: 14
Endpoint: EC0 - Species: Daphnia 5600 mg/l - Duration h: 24 Endpoint: CE10 - Species: Active mud > 800 mg/l - Duration h: 3 b) Aquatic chronic toxicity: Endpoint: NOEC - Species: Algae 10000 mg/l - Duration h: 72 Persistence and degradability N.A Bioaccumulative potential N.A. Mobility in soil N.A. Other adverse effects None

#### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment and disposal methods

Recover, if possible. Send to authorised disposal plants or for incineration under controlled conditions. In so doing, comply with the local and national regulations currently in force.

#### **14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

UN number

Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations. UN proper shipping name N.A Transport hazard class(es) N.A. Packing group ŇΑ Environmental hazards N.A Transport in bulk (according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code) No Special precautions N.A.

#### **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

USA - Federal regulations

TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act TSCA inventory: all the components are listed on the TSCA inventory.

TSCA listed substances:

2-butoxyethanol; ethylene glycol monobutyl ether; butyl cellosolve is listed in TSCA Section 4, Section 12b. SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act

Section 302 - Extremely Hazardous Substances: no substances listed.

- Section 304 Hazardous substances: no substances listed.
  - Section 313 Toxic chemical list: no substances listed.

CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act

No substances listed

CAA - Clean Air Act CAA listed substances:

2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol; diethylene glycol monobutyl ether is listed in CAA Section 111, Section 112(b) - HON.

CWA - Clean Water Act CWA listed substances:

None.

USA - State specific regulations California Proposition 65

Substance(s) listed under California Proposition 65:

Titanium Dioxide (airborne, unbound particles of respirable size) is known to the state of California to cause cancer. This listing does not cover titanium dioxide when it remains bound within a product matrix C.I. Čarbon black 7 - Listed as carcinogen.

#### Massachusetts Right to know

Substance(s) listed under Massachusetts Right to know:

Titanium dioxide

2-butoxyethanol; ethylene glycol monobutyl ether; butyl cellosolve



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# C.I. Carbon black 7.

New Jersey Right to know Substance(s) listed under New Jersey Right to know:

Titanium dioxide Talc

2-butoxyethanol; ethylene glycol monobutyl ether; butyl cellosolve

C.I. Carbon black 7.

Pennsylvania Right to know

Substance(s) listed under Pennsylvania Right to know: Titanium dioxide

Talc

2-butoxyethanol; ethylene glycol monobutyl ether; butyl cellosolve C.I. Carbon black 7.

#### **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Text of phrases referred to under heading 3:

- H351 Suspected of causing cancer.
- H332 Harmful if inhaled.
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
- H315 Causes skin irritation.
- H302 Harmful if swallowed. H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

Safety Data Sheet dated 2/20/2020, version 2 Sections modified from the previous revision:

1. IDENTIFICATION

- 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS
- 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION
- 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION
- 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Disclaimer:

The information contained herein is based on our state of knowledge at the above-specified date. It refers solely to the product indicated and constitutes no guarantee of particular quality. The information relates only to the specific material and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other material or in any process.

This Safety Data Sheet cancels and replaces any preceding release.

ADR: CAS: CLP: DNEL: EINECS: GHS: HMIS: IATC: IATA: IATA: ICAO: ICAO-TI: IMDG: INCI: KSt: LC50: LD50: NFPA: NIOSH: NTP: OSHA: PNEC: RID: STEL:	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road. Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society). Classification, Labeling, Packaging. Derived No Effect Level. European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances. Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals. Hazardous Materials Identification System International Agency for Research on Cancer International Air Transport Association. Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA). International Civil Aviation Organization. Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO). International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods. International Naritime Code for Dangerous Goods. International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients. Explosion coefficient. Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population. National Fire Protection Association National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health National Toxicology Program Occupational Safety and Health Administration Predicted No Effect Concentration. Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail. Short Term Exposure limit.
STEL: STOT: TLV:	
TWA:	Time-weighted average